

**EDUCATION AND EXAMINATION
REGULATIONS OF THE ACADEMIC
PROGRAMMES
FOR THE STUDY OF LAW

FACULTY OF LAW

RADBOD UNIVERSITY NIJMEGEN**

2025-2026

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CHAPTER 1. GENERAL PROVISIONS

PARAGRAPH 1.1 THE PROGRAMMES

Article 1 (1)¹

These Education and Examination Regulations (EER) apply to the academic programmes offered by the Faculty of Law of the Radboud University. These regulations outline the applicable procedures, rights, and obligations concerning admission, teaching, and examination.

This English translation of the Faculty of Law's Education and Examination Regulation in Dutch (Onderwijs- en Examenregeling Rechtsgeleerdheid (OER)) 2024-2025 consists of the paragraphs that are relevant for the English-taught programmes of the faculty. In case of discrepancy between the Dutch Onderwijs- en Examen Reglement and the English Education and Examination Regulations, the former shall prevail.

Article 2 (3)

1. The faculty offers the following Master's programmes consisting of a total of 60 EC per programme:
 - a. the programme in Dutch Law (CROHO/RIO-code 66451);
 - b. the programme in International and European Law (CROHO/RIO-code 60224);
 - c. the programme in Notarial Law (CROHO/RIO-code 66828);
 - d. the programme in Tax Law (CROHO/RIO-code 66827);
 - e. the post initial programme in Tax Law (CROHO/RIO-code 75107);
2. These Master's programmes have a duration of one academic year.
3. The academic year consists of two semesters of respectively thirteen weeks plus a contingency week and twelve weeks plus a contingency week.
4. A final examination is part of every of the above mentioned Master's programmes.

Article 3 (7)

The intended learning outcomes of the Master International and European Law are as follows:

1. Knowledge and insight

The graduate possesses thorough and in-depth knowledge of and insight into:

- a. the systematics and functioning of European Union law and international public law, the various subfields that are part of them, as well as the way in which international and European law interact with national law, in the case of the Master's programme in International and European Law Advanced;
- b. the systematics and functioning of, for example, European competition law, European business law, or European trade law and related subfields, in the case of the Master's programme in Business Law;
- c. the systematics and functioning of international and European human rights law, as well as international and European migration and refugee law, in the case of the Master's programme in Human Rights and Migration;
- d. the position and influence of the European Union in international legal affairs from both legal and political perspectives, the broader context of international public law, as well as contemporary dynamics of international cooperation, economic development, and conflict management, in the case of the Master's programme in European Law and Global Affairs.

2. Applying knowledge and understanding

The graduate is able to apply the acquired knowledge and insight to complex, potentially cross-border, legal problems encountered in legal practice and legal scholarship. The graduate can identify and analyze these problems, place them within the appropriate legal and theoretical framework, and develop a well-reasoned solution or possible solutions. The graduate also incorporates other legal fields and the social context, and, if necessary, draws on insights from other scientific disciplines to address the presented case studies.

¹ Numbers between brackets refer to the articles in the Dutch education and examination regulations ("Onderwijs en Examen Reglement (OER)").

3. Forming opinions

The graduate is able to independently form a critical, nuanced, and well-founded judgment from at least an internal legal perspective on: a. complex aspects of the applicable law; b. complex legal issues, often cross-border, within the framework of international and/or European law; and c. complex legal texts, particularly in a foreign or otherwise transcending the national domain context. In this judgment formation, the graduate considers the societal aspects of legal practice, also in the context of a globalizing legal order, and is additionally able to incorporate, to a limited extent, comparative legal insights and, in the case of the Master's programme in European Law and Global Affairs, interdisciplinary perspectives.

4. Communication, language proficiency, and cooperation

a. The graduate is capable of communicating clearly, convincingly, and substantiated about complex, potentially cross-border legal issues, both independently and in collaborative settings (including international ones), in both academic discourse and practical contexts, with both domestic and international peers.

b. To this end, the graduate possesses an outstanding command of oral and written legal skills in the English language

c. The graduate is also capable of providing, receiving, and processing both in writing and orally.

5. Academic skills

a. The graduate is able to independently identify, problematize, and formulate a research question related to a scientifically and socially relevant legal issue.

b. The graduate knows how to adequately answer this research question within a reasonable timeframe using relevant legal research methods, in clearly and convincingly written texts.

c. To this end, the graduate possesses extensive (digital) research skills to independently conduct very thorough and extensive source research in both national and international/European search systems.

d. The graduate is fully aware of the academic standards regarding scientific integrity, particularly in preventing plagiarism.

6. Learning skills

The graduate is aware that the field of their specialisation is continually evolving and possesses the academic and intellectual skills to independently master even complex developments in this field throughout their career. Furthermore, the graduate is capable of making at least a modest personal contribution to these developments.

Article 4 (10)

The academic Master's programme in International and European Law is taught full-time only.

PARAGRAPH 1.2 ADMISSION TO THE PROGRAMME

Article 4a (17)

The Admissions Board International and European Law decides on admission to the specialisations International and European Law Advanced, Business Law, and Human Rights within the Master's programme in International and European Law.

Eligible for admission are:

- Students who have completed the Bachelor's programme European Law School at Radboud University;
- Students who have completed the Bachelor's programme in Rechtsgeleerdheid at Radboud University (full-time or part-time);
- Students who have completed the Bachelor's programme in Notarial Law at Radboud University (full-time or part-time), provided they have completed the courses Straf(process)recht I and Straf(process)recht II;
- Students who hold at least a university-level Bachelor's degree in Law from another faculty that is equivalent to the level of a Dutch university Bachelor's degree (WO). In addition, demonstrable knowledge in the field of European and/or international law is required. To assess this, the Admission Board International and European Law may consult a expert in

European and/or international law.

Furthermore, sufficient proficiency in English is required. This can be demonstrated by submitting either a Dutch university Bachelor's diploma, a university Bachelor's diploma obtained in Australia, Canada (except Quebec), Ireland, New Zealand, the United Kingdom, or the United States, or a recognised English language certificate. For the English language certificate, the following minimum scores apply:

- TOEFL iBT: ≥ 90 , with subscores ≥ 22
- IELTS Academic: overall score ≥ 6.5 , with subscores ≥ 6.0 and a writing subscore ≥ 6.5
- Cambridge C1 Advanced: overall minimum score 176, with minimum component scores of 169 and a minimum writing score of 176
or
C2 Proficiency: overall minimum score 180, with minimum component scores of 169 and a minimum writing score of 176.
- Students who qualify for admission under Chapter 3 are also eligible.

Article 5 (17a)

The Admission Board International and European Law decides on admission to the specialization European Law and Global Affairs within the Master's programme in International and European Law.

Eligible for admission are:

- Students who have completed the Bachelor's programme European Law School at Radboud University;
- Students who have completed the Bachelor's programme in Rechtsgeleerdheid at Radboud University (full-time or part-time);
- Students who have completed the Bachelor's programme in Notarial Law at Radboud University (full-time or part-time), provided they have completed the courses Straf(process)recht I and Straf(process)recht II;
- Students who hold at least a university-level Bachelor's degree in Law, Liberal Arts (major in Law), International Relations, or equivalent disciplines, obtained at another faculty and equivalent to the level of a Bachelors degree of a Dutch research university (WO). In addition, demonstrable knowledge in the field of European and/or international law is required. To assess this, the Admission Board International and European Law may consult an expert in European and/or international law.
 - In the case of a Bachelor's degree in Liberal Arts (major in Law), International Relations or equivalent disciplines, the student must also have sufficient knowledge and understanding of law, which is considered to be the case if the student has obtained at least 60 ECTS in legal subjects.

Furthermore, sufficient proficiency in English is required. This can be demonstrated by submitting either a Dutch university Bachelor's diploma, a university Bachelor's diploma obtained in Australia, Canada (except Quebec), Ireland, New Zealand, the United Kingdom, or the United States, or a recognised English language certificate. For the English language certificate, the following minimum scores apply:

- TOEFL iBT: ≥ 90 , with subscores ≥ 22
- IELTS Academic: overall score ≥ 6.5 , with subscores ≥ 6.0 and a writing subscore ≥ 6.5
- Cambridge C1 Advanced: overall minimum score 176, with minimum component scores of 169 and a minimum writing score of 176
or
C2 Proficiency: overall minimum score 180, with minimum component scores of 169 and a minimum writing score of 176.
- Students who qualify for admission under Chapter 3 are also eligible.

PARAGRAPH 1.3 EDUCATION

Article 6 (27, par. 3 en 4)

1. The entire Master's programme in International and European Law is, in principle, taught in English.
2. Notwithstanding the first paragraph, courses primarily focused on Dutch law may be offered in Dutch.

Article 7 (28)

1. Education in the form of lectures, seminars, tutorials, or any other form of instruction will not take place unless it is based on this regulation, except in special cases with the permission of the faculty board.
2. The Faculty Board is responsible for determining the timetable of the lectures, tutorials, moot court sittings, and the allocation of rooms reserved for tuition.

Article 7a (28a)

1. Education in the Master's programme in International and European Law, unless students are part of the Dual Degree Nijmegen-Münster or the Erasmus Mundus Joint Master's programme, also comprises a Master's thesis supervision trajectory.
2. Participation in this trajectory is mandatory.
3. The Faculty Board decides upon detailed rules concerning the conditions for and the design of the Master's thesis supervision trajectory (i.e. *Masterscriptiereglement*).
4. An interim assessment is part of the trajectory. An unsatisfactory assessment will lead to the discontinuation of the trajectory.
5. The student has to submit the thesis for approval by the thesis supervisor within 6 months from the start of the trajectory.
6. The student is given the opportunity of a re-sit if the thesis is not approved according to article 12c. If the thesis remains unapproved after the re-submission, the Master's thesis supervision trajectory will be discontinued.
7. If the trajectory was discontinued due to the reasons stated in paragraphs 4 or 6, or for any other reason, the student may apply for a new trajectory. In this new trajectory, the research question has to be fundamentally altered.
8. The thesis supervisor, in consultation with the thesis coordinator, may grant the student permission to shorten the trajectory.
9. If the thesis is not approved even after utilizing the re-sit opportunity referred to in the sixth paragraph, the examination board may grant the student permission to extend the trajectory, provided that the non-approval was due to special circumstances.
10. The Examination Board can grant an exemption to participate in the trajectory, based on special circumstances prior to the start of the trajectory.

Article 8 (29)

1. Education is provided in the form chosen by the responsible party.
2. The lecturers ensure that the teaching and studies of the assigned course do not exceed the allocated credits specified in this regulation.
3. The lecturers promote alignment in both content and sequence of the components of the study material within the educational programs of the assigned course..
4. If the curriculum includes tutorials, every student is entitled to participate in this interactive form of teaching for one academic year..
5. The Faculty Board is responsible for the timely announcement of the education form of the courses in the academic programmes.

Article 9 (30)

1. Teaching is conducted by lecturers who have an employment contract or a contract for services with the Radboud University.

2. Other lecturers may only be independently assigned teaching tasks if the course coordinator has timely notified the Director of Education (i.e. onderwijsdirecteur). The deployment of a guest lecturer under the supervision and in the presence of an internal lecturer does not count as independent assignment for teaching tasks.
3. If more than 25% of the contact hours for a course are taught by one or more instructors as mentioned in the second paragraph, prior approval from the Vice Dean of Education is required.

Article 9a (30a)

1. In the Master's programme International and European Law, an internship may be undertaken.
2. The internship is subject to the internship regulations established by the faculty board.
3. The approval of the internship paper accounts for 7 EC.
4. An internship with an approved paper may be counted as an elective course.
5. Within a single Master's specialisation, a student may include only one internship as an elective course. For students who complete an internship during their Bachelor's phase, it is not possible to have a successfully completed internship included on their transcript.

Article 9b (30b)

1. The courses will be monitored in writing by participating students and possibly the lecturers, preferably using a standardised questionnaire.
2. The first-year courses and the B2 and B3 courses will be monitored every other year.
3. The Master's courses will be monitored on the basis of a continuous schedule.
4. Courses involving (large) adjustments in staffing, design, and content will be monitored immediately after initial completion.
5. The monitoring results will be made available to the Department Leader, the Programme Committee, and the Faculty Board. The Programme Committee (Opleidingscommissie, OLC) advises the Faculty Board regarding the results and makes recommendations where necessary.
6. The results of the course evaluations are published in the Digital Learning Environment of the course, provided that the confidentiality of the data is ensured.

PARAGRAPH 1.4 FINAL EXAMINATIONS AND EXAMS

Article 10 (31)

1. There is an Examination Board for the regular programmes of the Faculty of Law and an Examination Board for the post-initial programme of the Faculty of Law.
2. The Faculty Board appoints the chair and the other members of the Examination Board from the academic staff who are responsible for teaching.
3. The Examination Board may draw from among its members to set up sub-committees for the programmes. The Faculty Board appoints the chair of a sub-committee.
4. The Chair of the Examination Board is responsible for the day-to-day business of the Examination Board. He/she may grant a mandate to the chairperson of a sub-committee.
5. The Faculty Board appoints a Secretary to the Examination Board and the sub-committees. The Secretary has an advisory vote in the meetings of the Examination Board and the sub-committees.

Article 11 (32)²

1. The Examination Board is responsible for administering examinations and exams.
2. The Examination Board is responsible for determining the examination schedule and the allocation of rooms where final examinations and exams will be held.
3. The Examination Board sees to it that the examination schedule is set, if possible for the entire academic year, but at least for a period of one-half of an academic year.
4. When determining the examination schedule, it is also specified when, where, and how the registration for the various examinations must be completed.
5. The student registers for examinations via OSIRIS.
6. The registration for an examination closes at 11.59 PM on the day before a period of five

working days period prior to the exam day, ensuring there are always five full working days between the registration deadline and the exam. The day of the examination itself is never included in this period of five working days.

7. In determining the five-working-days-period, account must also be taken of the collective holidays established by the University Board. The student must consider the effect of these days on the registration deadline, which will, therefore, fall earlier. The collective holidays will be published on the Faculty of Law's website.
8. Registration and deregistration for oral exams are not subject to the five-working-day period mentioned in Paragraph 6. The procedure for registration and deregistration will be communicated to students in due time by the relevant course section.
9. The Examination Board oversees the supervision of written examinations.
10. The Examination Board establishes further guidelines for appointing the examiners responsible for assessing the graduation work (thesis or academic article), as described in Article 15 (39).
11. The Examination Board ensures the quality of exams and final examinations, without prejudice to the responsibilities and authority of the examiners. When asked, the examiners provide the Examination Board with information regarding the exams and final examinations.
12. After the exam schedule has been set, changes can still be made to exam dates and formats, but only with the approval of the Examination Board.

Article 12 (33)

1. The Examination Board appoints the examiners for the final examinations and exams.
2. The Examination Board may give examiners instructions with regard to the assessment of exams and the determination of the result of the exam.

Article 12a (33a) Exams

1. Only professors, associate professors, and assistant professors may be appointed as examiners for exams.
2. Other lecturers can be appointed as far as they have been assigned to lecturing in the course concerned and on the condition they have an employment contract with the Radboud University or have a service agreement.

Article 12c (33c) Thesis

1. The thesis has to be approved by both the thesis supervisor and a second assessor. At least one of them is a professor, an associate professor, an assistant professor, or another faculty member designated by the Examination Board on the recommendation of the Faculty Board.
2. After (initial) approval, the student defends the thesis, in principle publically, in the presence of the supervisor and the second assessor who approved the thesis. After the defense, the supervisor and the second assessor complete the Master's thesis assessment format and determine the grade. The professor, associate professor, assistant professor, or faculty member designated by the Examination Board, i.e. the person referred to in paragraph 1, signs the exam form. In case of the absence of either, a substitute assessor may be appointed for the defense. Even in the case of substitution, at least one of the examiners before whom the thesis is defended must comply with the requirements mentioned in paragraph 1.

Article 12d lid 2 (33d)

1. Professors, associate professors, and assistant professors may be appointed as examiners for the bachelor's examination, which includes the signing of the bachelor's diploma.
2. Professors, associate professors, and assistant professors may be appointed as examiners for the Master's examination, which includes the signing of the Master's diploma.

Article 13 (34)

Well in advance of administering a written exam, the examiner provides a practice exam

Article 13a (35a)

1. The student is obliged to participate actively and preparedly in the tutorials of the education of those courses that include tutorials.
2. In the first year of the Bachelor's programme, failure to comply with the requirement of paragraph 1 shall lead to exclusion from the examination and re-examination of the course concerned.
3. Repealed
4. In the Master's programme, any sanction for non-compliance with the requirement of paragraph 1 is communicated in the course information of the course concerned.
5. The Faculty Board may establish detailed rules on the application of this article.
6. The Examination Board may, on special grounds, grant an exemption from the requirement of paragraph 1 and the sanctions in paragraphs 2, 3, and 4.

Article 14 (36)³

1. The determination of whether the requirements for admission to final examinations or exams have been met is carried out by the Examination Board or an examiner designated by it.
2. An exam is passed if a grade 6 or higher is awarded.
3. The result of the exam is expressed in full and half grades. The lowest possible result is a 1, and the highest possible grade is a 10. The grade 5.5 is not used to express the result of an examination. In addition, the following results are possible:
 - ONV: Insufficient
 - VLD: Sufficient
 - VD: Requirements met
 - EFR: Serious fraud
 - FR: Fraud
 - G: Good
 - GU: No result
 - ND: Did not participate
4. The following rounding rules apply:
 - a. from x,00 to x,2 are rounded to x,0;
 - b. from x,3 to x,7 are rounded to x,5;
 - c. from x,8 to x are rounded to x+1.
5. Notwithstanding paragraph 4, grades 4,8 to 5,5 are rounded to 5,0 and grades from 5,5 to 6,2 are rounded to 6,0.
6. In rounding, the numerals after the first decimal are not taken into account.
7. Paragraphs 2 to 6 do not apply to partial exams.
8. The result of a (partial) test is rounded to one decimal place. A (partial) test is considered passed if a grade of 5.5 or higher is awarded. A failing result for a (partial) test may not be retaken, unless the examiner has determined in advance that this is permitted. The examiner is free to offer the resit as a single test covering the entire content of all partial tests combined. A failing result for a partial examination may be retaken, unless the examiner has determined in advance that this is **not** allowed.
9. The validity of grades for partial exams in the bachelor's phase is limited to the academic year in which the partial exam was taken. In the Master's phase, a different arrangement may be made by the course coordinator or relevant department.
10. The course coordinator communicates the weighing factor of partial exams in the study guide.

Article 15 (39)

1. The Master's examination is passed if the exam for all the courses forming part of the Master's programme have been successfully passed, the Master's graduation work has been approved and has been defended. The graduation work consists of a Master's thesis or an academic article.
2. The Master's thesis has a (minimum) study load of 11 ECTS for the Master's programme International and European Law. The study load is based on an average of 1200 words of

substantive text per EC (considering a range of a at least 1000 words and at most 1400 words).

3. Repealed as of September 1, 2023.
4. The substantive text as referred to in paragraph 2 consists of the introduction text up to the conclusion (incl.), but excludes the preface, annotations, and the literature and jurisprudence/case-law list.
5. The academic article consists of 5000-8000 words
6. The academic article has the potential to be published, to be assessed by a member of the staff with demonstrable experience in reviewing academic articles as an editor of a journal.
7. Before starting to write the graduation work in the form of an academic article, the student must provide the supervisor with a grade transcript approved by the faculty's Student Affairs Office, stating the average exam grade. The supervisor assesses the student's suitability for writing a publishable academic article based on the grade list.
8. The Master's degree will not be awarded if more than 14 ECTS of the Master's examination programme consists of exemptions obtained for courses not offered by the Faculty of Law at the Radboud University. The Master's thesis cannot be exempted.*
9. In order to graduate from multiple Master's programmes and/or specialisations, the student must successfully complete the compulsory courses and the required number of compulsory and restricted elective courses as specified by the respective examination programmes. A maximum of 14 ECTS may be counted towards more than one examination programme. This means that a student who wishes to graduate in two programmes and/or specialisations must obtain at least 106 unique EC. The student is required to write a separate Master's thesis within each examination programme.*
*For students from earlier cohorts, the transitional arrangement "Changed Exemption Policy for students combining multiple Master's programmes/specialisations" applies.

Article 16 (40)

1. Final examinations and exams are, in principle, conducted in the language of tuition, as defined in article 6.
2. Notwithstanding paragraph 1, another language may be used with the approval of the Examination Board.

Article 17 (41)

1. In accordance with this regulation, final examinations and exams are in principle conducted in writing or orally.⁴ The exam may also (partly) consist of practical exercises, essays, annotations, papers, referees, presentations, and lectures.
2. Oral exams and final examinations are in principle public and consist of an individual assessment, where no more than one person is examined at a time.
3. Oral final examinations and exams are in principle conducted by two examiners.

Article 18 (42)

1. Repealed
2. The Faculty Board ensures the timely announcement of the exam format for the courses. (42.4)

Article 19 (43)

⁴ "Writing" is formulated in a technique neutral sense. Here in, digital assessment is also included.

The Faculty Board may limit the validity period of successfully completed exams, subject to the Examination Board's authority to extend this validity period in individual cases. The validity of a successfully completed exam may only be limited if the tested knowledge or insight is demonstrably outdated, or if the tested skills are demonstrably outdated. The validity period of successfully completed exams cannot be limited if there are special circumstances as defined in article 7.51 of the Dutch Higher Education Act (WHW). The Faculty Board establishes further regulations regarding the implementation of this paragraph.

Article 19a (43a)

1. Subject to the provisions of this article, the Examination Board is the body that determines whether a and, if so, which distinction is awarded.
2. a. "Cum laude" is awarded if the weighted average of the final grades for the components referred to in paragraph 3 is 8,0 or higher.
b. "Summa cum laude" is awarded if the weighted average of the final grade of the components referred to in paragraph 3 is 9,0 or higher.
3. The weighted average is calculated over all components of the examination programme for which a grade has been awarded on a scale of 1 to 10, excluding extracurricular components. When transferring from a Master's programme at the Faculty of Law at the Radboud University to another Master's programme at the Faculty of Law at the Radboud University, the weighted average is calculated over all components of the examination programme for which a grade has been awarded on a scale of 1 to 10, excluding extracurricular components, as well as over the components of the examination programme for which an exemption has been granted due to the mentioned transfer or combination in that article.
4. The number of ECs for the component referred to in paragraph 3 is used as the weighting factor in calculating the weighted average grade.
5. A distinction is not awarded if more than 10% of the study load of the exam programme has been re-examined and if exams, including partial exams, have been re-taken more than once, unless the examination board decides otherwise based on a reasoned explanation.
6. A distinction is not awarded if the Examination Board has established fraud in any component of the entire examination program.
7. Courses completed at non-Dutch institutions are assessed as pass or fail and therefore do not count toward the calculation of the grade point average or degree classification.*
*This is a change compared to previous years and applies to courses completed as of the 2025/2026 academic year. It also applies to students from earlier cohorts.

Article 20 (44)

1. If, in the view of the Examination Board, special circumstances make it very difficult for a candidate to comply with the provisions regarding the way final examinations and exams are held, the Examination Board may permit special measures to be adopted with regard to the said candidate.
2. The Examination Board and the examiners ensure that students with a disability are given the opportunity to take final examinations and exams in a manner that is appropriate to their disability.

Article 21 (45)

1. The Examination Board establishes the template for diplomas for successfully completed examinations.
2. The Examination Board establishes the template for certificates of successfully completed exams.
3. The Examination Board may establish rules for the issuance of certificates and declarations.
4. The Faculty Board keeps a register of the examinations, exams, and their components that have been taken.
5. The text on the diploma of the Master's program in International and European Law is provided in English.
6. The Faculty Board determines the English names of the courses in the Bachelor's and Master's programmes.

Article 22 (46)

1. After an oral exam has been taken, the examiner concerned issues a signed document indicating the result.
2. After a written exam has been taken, the examiner concerned issues a signed document

indicating participation. Participation in a written exam in the form of a digital test is confirmed by the invigilator and recorded on a participation list.

3. The result of written exams is announced as specified in article 25.
4. Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph 1, the examiner may determine the result of an oral exam no later than five working days after the exam of the respective student has taken place.

Article 23 (47)

1. As proof that a final examination has been passed, the Examination Board issues a diploma. The diploma is signed by one member of, or in name of, of the Examination Board as well as one examiner.
2. Only professors and associate professors are authorized to sign the diploma. The diploma of the Bachelor's and Master's examinations states which programme was followed and which qualifications are associated with the examination.
3. The diploma states the components that are part of the examination. It also lists the additional courses in which, at the request of the examinee and before the examination result is decided, they have been examined, provided the exam in the additional course has been passed.
4. At the student's request, the student administration will include in the diploma supplement as an extracurricular course any course successfully completed by the student during the enrolment in the programme of the Faculty of Law, for which the diploma supplement is issued, that does not belong to the examination programme. The extracurricular courses must be part of an academic programme, while only Master's-level courses may be included in the diploma supplement of a Master's programme.*
5. Repealed

*This also applies to previous cohorts.

Artikel 23a (47a)

The Master's programme is, in principle, concluded with a final assessment of the thesis referred to in article 31 (70, 135, 159, 160c, 163, and 194p)(163) and a defence. The defence of the thesis only takes place after the thesis has been approved and, in principle, not before the exams of the courses belonging to the Master's specialisation of the Master's programme have been passed and any other requirements have been met.

Article 23b (47b)

The graduate who wishes to review the assessment of the Master's thesis and the discussion has the right to inspect the evaluation form prepared by the Examination Board within four weeks after the date of the Master's examination.

Article 24 (48)

Students who successfully completed more than one exam but to whom no diploma can be awarded will, upon request, receive a statement from the Examination Board listing the exams that have been successfully completed.

Article 25 (49)

1. The result of written exams will be published within fifteen working days after the day on which the examination was taken.
2. The Examination Board determines for each academic year for which exam a shortened or extended term of publication will be specified.
3. After the announcement of the results, the exam will be discussed and explained as soon as possible, but within 14 days and in any case before the re-sit of the exam, either collectively or individually. The instructor will provide the reviewed individual exams, whether in copy or not, for inspection and will give insight into the assessment of the exam. The instructor will make available paper copies of exams that were not taken in digital form.
4. The time and place of the post-exam discussion and the opportunity to inspect the exam will be announced on the exam form or with the publication of the exam results.

Article 25a (49a)

The Faculty Board establishes a regulation regarding the retention periods of examinations and other productions created by students as part of an assessment (see Appendix).

Article 25b (49b)

1. Fraud within the meaning of this regulation is understood to include any acts or omission by the student that renders it wholly or partially impossible to form a correct judgement regarding the student's knowledge, insight, and skills. This also includes assisting another student or other students in such a way that renders it impossible to form any correct judgement regarding the student's or students' knowledge, insight, and skills.
2. If the examiner, the invigilator, a Radboud University employee, or a member of the Examination Board suspects fraud, he/she must immediately report this to the Examination Board and to the student in question

Article 26 (50)

1. Appeal against decisions of the Examination Board or of examiners can be lodged with the Board of Appeal for Examinations.
2. When the exam result is announced, the student is informed of the possibility to appeal to the Examination Appeals Board.

PARAGRAPH 1.5 STUDY PROGRESS AND TUTORING

Article 27 (51)

1. The faculty board ensures the registration of academic results is such that at least once per academic year a summary of the student's achieved results in relation to the educational and examination programme of the programme can be provided.
2. At the end of each semester's examination period, students receive an overview of their academic results and a notification regarding whether their study progress is satisfactory or unsatisfactory.
3. If the study progress is unsatisfactory, the student in question may be required to prepare a study plan under the guidance of the academic advisor. The study plan will be included in the student's study progress dossier.

Article 28 (52)

The Faculty Board ensures academic support for students enrolled in the programmes, including assistance with their orientation towards potential study paths within and outside the programme.

CHAPTER 2. THE MASTER'S PROGRAMME IN INTERNATIONAL AND EUROPEAN LAW

PARAGRAPH 2.1 GENERAL

Article 29 (161)

1. The faculty offers a Master's programme in International and European Law with a study load of 60 EC.
2. No 'civil effect' is attached to the Master's programme in International and European Law.
3. Notwithstanding paragraph 2, a civil effect is attached to the Master's programme in International and European Law if the graduate has completed the Bachelor's programme in either Law, European Law School or Notarial Law (if the student successfully completed the courses Straf(proces)recht I en II) in combination with the Master's programme in International and European Law.
4. Repealed
5. Repealed
6. Repealed

Article 30 (162)

1. Exams for all courses of the Master's programme in International and European Law are, in principle, administered either in writing or orally. Additionally, the exam may also (partly) include practical exercises, essays, annotations, papers, reports, presentations, and lectures.
2. If students have been unable to participate in examinations based on reasonable grounds, they may submit a motivated request to the Examination Board for an additional exam opportunity.
3. An additional examination in the sense of paragraph 2 is held orally as a rule.

Article 31 (163)

1. The Master's examination in International and European Law has been successfully completed if:
 - a. the exams for all courses belonging to the Master's programme have been successfully completed;
 - b. the Master's thesis has been approved;
 - c. the Master's thesis has been defended, resulting in a grade of at least 'sufficient'.
2. Students who have successfully completed the examination will be granted the title 'Master of Laws' and will be awarded a diploma.
3. The Faculty Board determines when and how the diploma is awarded.

PARAGRAPH 2.2 THE MASTER'S PROGRAMME IN INTERNATIONAL AND EUROPEAN LAW

Article 33 (165)

1. The English-taught Master's programme in International and European Law consists of the following four specialisations:
 - a. International and European Law Advanced specialisation*;
 - b. Human Rights and Migration specialisation;
 - c. Business Law specialisation;
 - d. European Law and Global Affairs specialisation.
2. The Master's specialisation International and European Law Advanced* comprises:
 - a. The study of and instruction in one compulsory course with a study load of 7 EC.
 - b. The study of and instruction in courses with a combined study load of 21 EC from a list of compulsory elective courses.
 - c. The study of and instruction in one course with a study load of 7 EC from a list of restricted elective courses.

3. d. The study of and instruction in courses with a combined study load of 14 EC included in Appendix II of this Programme and Examination Regulations (OER) and not already completed under points a through c (free electives). The master's specialization European Law and Global Affairs comprises:
 - a. The study of and instruction in seven compulsory courses with a combined study load of 49 EC.
4. The Master's specialization Human Rights and Migration comprises:
 - a. The study of and instruction in three compulsory courses with a combined study load of 21 EC.
 - b. The study of and instruction in courses with a combined study load of 14 EC from a list of compulsory elective courses.
 - c. The study of and instruction in courses with a combined study load of 14 EC included in Appendix II of this Education and Examination Regulations (EER) and not already taken under point a or b (free electives).
5. The Master's specialization Business Law comprises:
 - a. The study of and instruction in one compulsory course with a study load of 7 EC.
 - b. The study of and instruction in courses with a combined study load of 21 EC from a list of compulsory elective courses.
 - c. The study of and instruction in at least one restricted elective course with a study load of 7 EC from a list of restricted elective courses.
 - d. The study of and instruction in courses with a combined study load of 14 EC included in Appendix II of this Programme and Examination Regulations (OER) and not already taken under points a through c (free electives).
6. The faculty board determines the list of compulsory courses, restricted elective courses, and free elective courses.
7. A person admitted to the master's program International and European Law may, with prior approval from the examination committee, choose courses within this master's program that are taught and examined at faculties with which the faculty has a cooperation agreement under the European Union's Erasmus program or an exchange agreement between faculties or universities. For students admitted pursuant to Article 20, third paragraph, Article 74 (study abroad) applies accordingly.
8. A student enrolled in one of the master's specializations may, with the approval of the examination committee and up to a maximum of 14 EC, include the courses referred to in paragraph 1 in the graduation package of the specialization, provided that these courses do not replace the compulsory courses and restricted elective courses of the specialization.
9. The curriculum of each variant includes the writing of an academic thesis with a study load of 11 ECTS. The topic of the thesis is related to international law and/or European law.
10. Article 9a, regarding the use of the internship as an elective course, applies mutatis mutandis to students of the master's program International and European Law who have been admitted pursuant to Article 20, third paragraph.

* As of the 2026/2027 academic year, the specialization 'International and European Law' will be officially renamed 'International and EU Legal Orders'

Article 33a (167a-d)

Repealed

CHAPTER 3 (10) COMBINATIONS OF MASTER'S PROGRAMMES

Article 33b (182) Dual degrees RU-WWU

1. The Faculties of Law at the Radboud University and the Universität Münster established a partnership to offer combined Master's programmes to students of both faculties.
2. The Master's programmes pertain the educational programmes in the field of Dutch Law ("Nederlands Recht"), International and European Law, and German Law ("Deutsches Recht").
3. The International Admission Board decides on the admission to the combined Master's programmes.

Article 33c (183) Dual degree Deutsches recht and International and European law

1. Students from the Faculty of Law of the Universität Münster enrolled in the law programme, are eligible for admission to the Master's programme International and European Law, provided they have successfully concluded the Erstes Staatsexamen with a 10-semester programme duration at their faculty and meet the language and prerequisite requirements as stated in articles 4a and 5 (164).
2. There are two annual intake moments: the start of respectively the Summer and Winter semesters.
3. Students choose one of four specialisations: International and European Law Advanced, Human Rights & Migration, Business Law, and European Law and Global Affairs.
4. The education and examinations of the four specialisations and the courses, as listed in the appendix, are conducted in English.
5. Universität of Münster students are allowed to include up to 14 EC from courses successfully completed at the Universität Münster- as free elective courses in the exam programme in the International and European Law examination programme (except for the specialisation in European Law and Global Affairs).
6. These courses are exhaustively listed and are part of the RU-UM Dual Degree agreement. The educational programme is concluded with the writing of a thesis, carrying a study load of 11 ECTS, in accordance with article 15, paragraphs 2 and 4.
7. All other provisions regarding International and European Law remain fully applicable

Article 33d (184) Dual degrees International and European Law and Deutsches recht

/Nederlands Recht and Deutsches Recht

1. Students enrolled in the Master's programs in Dutch Law or International and European Law of the Radboud University are eligible for admission to the Master's programme in Deutsches Recht at the Faculty of Law of the Universität Münster if they have completed their Bachelor's degree in Law (180 EC) and the first semester of their Master's programme (30 EC), and meet the German language requirements at the C1 level. Admission requirements of the Universität Münster also allow for entry based on a Bachelor's degree in Law, supplemented by a minimum of 182 ECs in Bachelor's courses and a minimum of 28 ECs in Master's courses.
2. There are two annual intake moments: the start of respectively the Summer and Winter semesters.
3. Students pay the Semesterbeitrag (Fee) to the Universität Münster.
4. The study programme consists of three semesters, totaling 90 ECs. After successfully completing the Basismodul (16 EC), students choose three Erweiterungsmodule (32 EC) in Private Law, Public Law, or Criminal Law, a Profilmodul (12 EC), and an Abschlussmodul (30 EC).
5. The education and examinations are generally conducted in German, but in some cases, courses are also offered in English, French, or Spanish (extracurricular courses).
6. Students of the Radboud University are allowed to include up to 14 EC of successfully completed courses from the aforementioned Universität Münster study programme as free electives in their Radboud University examination programme.
7. Supervision and assessment of the final graduation work of the Abschlussmodul are conducted separately by the thesis supervisor of the Universität Münster. The study programme concludes with the writing of a thesis, carrying a study load of 18 EC.

8. The supervision, the graduation interview (i.e. the thesis defence) and the assessment of the thesis are conducted separately by the thesis supervisor of the Radboud University. The thesis topic is comparative law.
9. In supervision and assessment, each party adheres to the legal framework, rules, and guidelines of their own institution.
10. All other provisions regarding Dutch Law and International and European Law remain fully applicable.

Article 33e KU Leuven (Dual degree)

Reserved.

Article 33f (185)

Repealed

Article 33g Erasmus mundus Joint Master's Programme International Law of Global Security, Peace, and Development (ILGSPD) (188)

1. The Faculties of Law at the Radboud University, University of Glasgow, University of Tartu, Institut Barcelona d'Estudis Internacionals, Leuphana University of Luneburg, Universitat Pompeu Fabra, Universitat Autònoma de Barcelona, Université Libre de Bruxelles, Universitat de Barcelona have established a consortium through which they offer a joint Master's programme in the field of International Law of Global Security, Peace and Development (ILGSPD).
2. An Honours degree (UK) or equivalent in Law (7 or higher) is required for eligibility. Admission from other disciplines such as Political Science, International Relations, European Studies, or Conflict studies is possible provided that at least half of the obtained credits consist of law courses. The annually determined requirements of the consortium are decisive.
3. Admission to the semester at the Radboud University is only possible if the student has obtained a minimum of 150 EC in law courses during the bachelor's programme.
4. A language requirement of an IELTS score of 6,5 with a minimum score of 6,0 per section. The annually determined requirements of the consortium are decisive.
5. The programme has a duration of four semesters, totalling 120 EC. The first semester takes place at the University of Glasgow; the second semester at the Institut Barcelona d'Estudis Internacionals; the third semester at the Radboud University or one of the other participating universities. The final semester takes place at Glasgow, Barcelona or Nijmegen.
6. The programme at the Radboud University is based on the Master's programme in International and European Law, with specialisations in International and European Law Advanced and Human Rights and Migration.
 - The International and European Law Advanced programme consists of the courses EU External Relations law, International Law and Crisis, International Arbitration, Law and Society, Research Project (2 EC), as well as two courses (2x10 EC) completed in Glasgow as part of the ILGSPD programme, and the thesis. The course Law and Society can be replaced by Litigating Human Rights.
 - The Human Rights and Migration programme consists of the courses International Human Rights Law, EU Immigration Law, EU External Relations Law, Law and Society, Research project (2 EC) as well as two courses (2x10 EC) completed in Glasgow as part of the ILGSPD programme, and the thesis. The course Law and Society can be replaced by: European and Comparative Refugee Law or Litigating Human Rights.
7. The thesis comprises 20.000-25.000 words. Supervision is provided by a member of the academic staff with relevant expertise and research interest. Article 7a (28a) does not apply here.
8. Assessment of thesis and the defence take place according to the rules in this Education and Examination Regulations (EER).
9. Upon completion of all components, students are eligible for a multiple degree: an LL.M International Law of Global Security, Peace and Development from the University of Glasgow, a Master's degree in International Relations of Global Security, Peace and

Development from the Institut Barcelona d'Estudis Internacionals, and an LL.M International and European Law from the Radboud University.

CHAPTER 4. EXEMPTIONS AND PRIOR KNOWLEDGE REQUIREMENTS

Article 34 (205, par. 6)

Repealed as of September 1, 2022.

Article 35 (206)

1. Repealed as of September 1, 2025.

CHAPTER 5. SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR WRITTEN WORK RELATED TO ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS AND REFERENCES TO SOURCES

Article 36 (240)

1.
 - a. Master's theses, essays, and other written works, particularly regarding borrowings from others' work, comply with the provisions of the Copyright Act 1912 and the standards customary in academic practice for proper publication.
 - b. Any borrowing from another work must be recognizable, justified, and verifiable both in terms of content and origin.
 - c. Except as provided in paragraph 3, subparagraph d of this article, the rules for borrowing and citation apply regardless of whether the borrowing occurs with or without the permission or knowledge of the author of the borrowed work.
 - d. Submitted works or drafts thereof, may at any stage be electronically or otherwise checked by the supervising instructor for borrowings from third-party works and for proper citation.
2. Any borrowing from another's work—whether text, image, or otherwise—must always be recognizable through the use of punctuation marks, typography, or other indicators, making it unequivocally clear what has been borrowed.
3. When borrowing from the others' work:
 - a. The integrity of the work from which it is borrowed must be respected;
 - b. The borrowing must be reasonable in relation to both the work from which it is borrowed and the work in which it is incorporated;
 - c. The borrowing must be justified by the purpose for which and the context in which it occurs;
 - d. Consideration must be given to the limitations imposed by the Copyright Act regarding citations from unpublished works.
4. Borrowed work must be verifiable in terms of content and origin.
 - a. Each borrowing must reference the creator of the work and the source, unless this is reasonably not possible; in such a case, this should be noted.
 - b. When borrowing from ephemeral sources—such as texts on the internet, which may no longer be accessible over time—or from hard-to-access sources, the student must document the source with an electronic or paper copy, making verification of content and origin possible, and keep it available for the instructor. If this is difficult, prior consultation with the instructor is required.
5. Where the borrowing occurs in the form of substantial use of substantive elements of another's work, including data, opinions, conclusions, and/or structure, the above rules apply as much as possible, unless the borrowing involves generally known or common elements and/or the borrowing is quantitatively or qualitatively negligible.

Article 37 (241)

1. Where it is determined that a student has not properly observed the rules concerning borrowing and citation, this must be taken into account in the evaluation of the work.
2. The professor responsible may impose the requirement to write a new paper on an assigned topic.
3. An additional sanction may be imposed, stipulating that the work will only be assessed after a period of 6 months has elapsed.

Article 38 (242)

1. Gross negligence is understood to mean that a student has failed to observe the rules regarding borrowing and citation with respect to qualitatively or quantitatively substantial portions of the work.

2. Gross negligence concerning the rules with respect to borrowing and reference to sources constitutes fraud.
3. Gross negligence must always be reported by the lecturer concerned to the Examination Board and to the professor responsible.
4. The Examination Board records those cases in which it has established gross negligence.
5. In cases of gross negligence, the Examination Board may, in addition to the sanctions mentioned in the previous article, impose measures whereby the student is deprived, for a period determined by the Examination Board of up to 1 year, of the right to take one or more exams or final examinations at the Faculty of Law.

Article 39 (243)

1. In the Master's phase, a special duty of care with regard to the observance of the rules concerning borrowing and reference to sources applies to students and lecturers.
2. With regard to the Master's thesis, gross negligence is always presumed to occur:
 - in the case of 3 or more literal reproductions without reference to sources;
 - in the case of fewer than 3 literal reproductions without reference to sources, if these (together) amount to more than 12 lines of text equivalent to 12 point Times New Roman.

This does not preclude the possibility of considering lesser violations as serious if the circumstances warrant it.
3. In cases of doubt as to whether gross negligence is involved regarding irregularities in a Master's thesis or another paper in the Master's phase, the lecturer involved consults the Examination Board.
4. If serious negligence within the meaning of article 243(1) is established in a thesis, any prior approval for graduation is revoked. The lecturer immediately informs the student, the responsible professor, the Examination Board, and the Examination Office.
5. If serious negligence in the thesis is established immediately before or during the graduation interview, the provisions of paragraph 4 apply. The graduation interview is not continued, and the diploma is not awarded, without prejudice to further sanctions.

CHAPTER 6. FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 40 (248)

1. The Faculty Board decides on all cases not covered by these regulations.
2. If the formation of the faculty or other urgent reasons of university or faculty interest so compel, the Faculty Board may determine that this regulation can be departed from with regard to:
 - a. the number of lectures and tutorials;
 - b. the number of essays;
 - c. the designation of the courses; and
 - d. the list of (elective) courses.
3. The Faculty Board is authorized to amend the numbering of articles and paragraphs of articles and to make editorial changes.
4. For information on the content of the subjects, the Education and Examination Regulation (EER) refers to the prospectus.

Article 41 (249)

This regulation may be referred to as the Faculty of Law Education and Examination Regulation (EER).

TRANSITIONAL ARRANGEMENTS

Transitional arrangements as of September 1, 2022 (LI)

Master's students (excluding dual and research Master's programs) who began a supervised Master's thesis trajectory before September 1, 2022, will be given the opportunity to complete this course by September 1, 2023. This deadline does not apply to international students.

Participation in the thesis supervision trajectory is mandatory for all students who enroll in the course "thesis" on or after September 1, 2022.

Transitional arrangements as of September 1, 2024

International students who started their Master's thesis trajectory before September 2022 must complete this trajectory by December 31, 2024 (i.e., obtain approval for their Master's thesis from their supervisor by this date).

Transitional arrangements as of September 1, 2025

Curriculum changes Master's programme International and European Law

For students who started the Master's programme before 1 September 2025, the following applies:

1. To obtain your Master's degree, you must complete the original curriculum (pre-2025/2026, i.e.: six courses and a Master's thesis of 18 EC) **by 1 March 2027** at the latest.

Please note the following:

- Several courses from the original curriculum (pre-2025/2026) will be offered in 2025/2026 under a new name and/or in a slightly revised form. If this is the case, you must take the new version of the course instead of the original one. For an overview of the original courses and their corresponding new versions, please refer to Appendix III of this Education and Examination Regulations. It is not permitted to take both the original and the new version of the same course.
 - If two elective courses are merged into one (as is the case with *Accountability for Human Rights Violations* and *Judicial Protection in the EU*, which will become *Litigating Human Rights*), students who have already taken one (or both) of the original courses are not allowed to take the new, merged course.
- You are required to write your Master's thesis for 18 EC. The last extended Master's thesis supervision track of 18 EC will start in April 2026 and be completed in February 2027. After April 2026, you will not be able to start the extended Master's thesis supervision track of 18 EC anymore and, therefore, you will not be able to complete the Master's programme with the old curriculum before March 1, 2027 anymore.

2. Have you not completed the Master's programme International and European Law by 1 March 2027? You will have to complete the new curriculum in order to obtain your Master's degree. Please note the following:

- You are required to write the Master's thesis worth 11 EC. Depending on your chosen specialisation, you must take the following additional course(s):
- Students in the International and European Law Advanced specialisation take either an additional compulsory elective or a semi-optional course;
- Students in the European Law and Global Affairs specialisation take either Global Environmental Justice or EU Competition Law and Evolving Markets;
- Students in the Human Rights and Migration specialisation take either a compulsory elective or a recommended free elective as mentioned on the website.
- Students in the Business Law specialisation take an additional compulsory elective or a semi-optional elective.

APPENDIX I List of subjects for the Master's programme in International and European Law -

1. International and European Law Advanced Specialisation

Compulsory courses (1):

- a. International and EU Law Skills 7 EC

Compulsory elective courses (3):

- b. Current Issues in the EU Single Market 7 EC
- c. Global Environmental Justice 7 EC
- d. European Competition Law and Evolving Markets 7 EC
- e. EU External Relations Law 7 EC
- f. International Law and Crisis 7 EC
- g. International Human Rights Law 7 EC

Elective courses (1):

- h. Digital Dispute Resolution 7 EC
- i. European Commercial Law 7 EC
- j. European Immigration Law 7 EC
- k. European Public Procurement Law 7 EC
- l. Litigating Human Rights 7 EC
- m. Radboud Law Clinic 7 EC
- n. Philosophy of International Law 7 EC

Free elective courses (2):

An overview of the free elective courses, of which the student should obtain 14 ECTS, can be found in Appendix II. Alternatively, a student can opt to use 14 ECTS of legal courses successfully completed at a foreign university with which the faculty has a cooperation agreement, with the approval of the Examination Board.

- Master's thesis 11 EC

2. Human Rights and Migration Law Specialisation

Compulsory courses (3):

- a. European Immigration Law 7 EC
- b. International and EU Law Skills 7 EC

- c. International Human Rights Law 7 EC

Compulsory elective courses (2):

- d. European and Comparative Refugee Law 7 EC
- e. International Law and Crisis 7 EC
- f. Litigating Human Rights 7 EC

Free elective courses (2):

An overview of the free elective courses, of which the student should obtain 14 ECTS, can be found in Appendix II. Alternatively, a student can opt to use 14 ECTS of legal courses successfully completed at a foreign university with which the faculty has a cooperation agreement, with the approval of the

Examination Board.

3. Business Law Specialisation

Compulsory courses (1):

- a. International and EU Law Skills
7 EC

Compulsory elective courses (3):

- b. European and Comparative Company Law 7 EC
- c. European Competition Law and Evolving Markets 7 EC
- d. European Commercial Law 7 EC
- e. European Insolvency Law 7 EC
- f. Litigating in the EU 7 EC

Elective courses (1)

- g. Current Issues in the EU Single Market 7 EC
- h. Digital Dispute Resolution 7 EC
- i. European Public Procurement Law 7 EC
- j. Global Environmental Justice 7 EC
- k. International and Comparative Copyright Law 7 EC
- l. International Arbitration 7 EC
- m. Legal and Economic Perspectives on European Financial Law 7 EC

Free elective courses (2):

An overview of the free elective courses, of which the student should obtain 14 ECTS, can be found in Appendix II. Alternatively, a student can opt to use 14 ECTS of legal courses successfully completed at a foreign university with which the faculty has a cooperation agreement, with the approval of the Examination Board.

Master's thesis 11 EC

4. European Law and Global Affairs specialisation

- a. Comparative Constitutional Law 7 EC
- b. EU External Relations Law 7 EC
- c. Global Environmental Justice 7 EC
- d. Governance and Diplomacy in a Multipolar World: European and Global Perspectives 7 EC
- e. International and EU Law Skills 7 EC
- f. International Law and Crisis 7 EC
- g. International Security in Uncertain Times 7 EC

Master's thesis 11 EC

APPENDIX II Algemene lijst keuzevakken Masteropleiding Nederlands Recht**

Aansprakelijkheid in de Financiële Sector	7 EC
Aansprakelijkheidsrecht	7 EC
Amerikaans Staatsrecht	7 EC
Anglo-Amerikaans Privaatrecht	7 EC
Arbeidsrecht Verdiept	7 EC
Auteursrecht	7 EC
Bestuursrecht Verdiept	7 EC
Bestuursrechtelijke Pleitwedstrijd	7 EC
Bijzonder Strafrecht	7 EC
Business Law Guest Course: Witwassen en Terrorismedinanciering***	7 EC
Capita Selecta van het Ondernemingsrecht	7 EC
Comparative Constitutional Law	7 EC
Contractenrecht verdiept	7 EC
Corporate Governance	7 EC
Corporate Litigation	7 EC
Criminal Justice: Between Law and Practice	7 EC
Criminaliteit en Veiligheidsbeleid	7 EC
Criminology	7 EC
Digital Dispute Resolution	7 EC
Effectief Procederen	7 EC
Erfrecht II	7 EC
EU External Relations Law	7 EC
European and Comparative Company Law*	7 EC
*This course will not be offered in 2026-2027	
European and Comparative Refugee Law	7 EC
European Commercial Law	7 EC
European Competition Law and Evolving Markets	7 EC
European Employment Law*	7 EC
*Provisional: this course might not be offered in 2025-2026	
European Immigration Law	7 EC
European Insolvency Law	7 EC
European Law Moot Court Competition	7 EC
European Commercial Law	7 EC
European Public Procurement Law	7 EC
Europees Belastingrecht	4 EC
Financieel Recht	7 EC
Duurzaamheid en digitalisering in de financiële sector	7 EC
Forensische Psychiatrie	7 EC
Formeel belastingrecht en Ethiek	5 EC
Gelijke behandeling en recht	7 EC
Gemeenterecht*	7 EC
*This course will not be offered in 2026-2027	
Geschiedenis van het Europese Privaatrecht: Vergelijkend Goederenrecht	7 EC
Global Environmental Justice	7 EC
Goederenrecht Verdiept	7 EC
Hoge Raad en Cassatie*	7 EC
* The course coordinator will select students for this course	
Industriële eigendom: Merkenrecht	7 EC
Industriële Eigendom: Octrooirecht	7 EC
Inkomstenbelasting	7 EC
Insolventierecht	7 EC
Internationaal Belastingrecht	5 EC

Internationaal Privaatrecht	7 EC
Internationaal en Europees Strafrecht	7 EC
International Arbitration	7 EC
International and Comparative Copyright law	7 EC
International and European Tax Law International human rights law	7 EC
International law and crisis	7 EC
International Law Moot Court Competition	7 EC
Internship	7 EC
Jaarrekening Fiscaal Verdiept	6 EC
Krediet en Zekerheden	7 EC
Law and Society	7 EC
Legal and Economic Perspectives on European Financial Law	7 EC
Litigating Human Rights	7 EC
Litigating in the EU	7 EC
Masterclass Burgerlijk Recht*	14 EC
*This course will only be offered when sufficient students are selected)	
Mediation	7 EC
Nederlands Migratierecht	7 EC
Omgevingsrecht I	7 EC
Omgevingsrecht II	7 EC
Omzetbelasting	7 EC
Onderneming en Arbeid	7 EC
Ondernemingsstrafrecht*	7 EC
*This course will not be offered in 2026-2027	
Onderwijsrecht*	7 EC
*This course will not be offered in 2025-2026	
Overheidsaansprakelijkheidsrecht	7 EC
Pensioenrecht	7 EC
Philosophy of International Law	7 EC
Practicum in Civiele Zaken	7 EC
Privaatrechtelijke rechtsvergelijking	7 EC
Privacy en Gegevensbeschermingsrecht	7 EC
Recht, Arbeid en Management	7 EC
Philosophy of Law: Classical Theme (Rechtsfilosofie: Klassiek thema)	7 EC
Radboud Law Clinic	7 EC
Rechtspleging	7 EC
Recht voor het Landelijk Gebied	7 EC
Relatievermogensrecht II	7 EC
Roman Law and Society (uitsluitend 2 ^e semester, voertaal Engels)	7 EC
Socialezekerheidsrecht	7 EC
Staatsrecht Verdiept*	7 EC
*This course will not be offered in 2025-2026	
Straf(proces)recht Verdiept	14 EC
Strafrechtelijke Caput	7 EC
Strafvorderlijke Gegevensverwerking en (Digitaal) Bewijs	7 EC
Studentparlement	7 EC
Vennootschapsbelasting	7 EC
Verzekeringsrecht	7 EC

** Please refer to the course guide for any prerequisites.

*** Intensive course guest lecture: For 2025–2026, this course is offered by OOR as Business Law Guest Course: Money Laundering and Terrorist Financing. The subtitle following the colon might change annually, depending on availability.

APPENDIX III List of courses with a new name (as of Sept. 2025)

Old course name	New course name
European Internal Market Law	Current Issues in the EU Single Market
Financieel recht verdiept	Duurzaamheid en Digitalisering in de Financiële Sector
EU Competition Law	European Competition Law and Evolving Markets
Gelijkebehandelingsrecht	Gelijke Behandeling en Recht
International and European Environmental and Sustainability Law	Global Environmental Justice
Advanced Notions of International and European Law	International and EU Law Skills
Protectoin of Human Rights in International Law	International Human Rights Law
Public International Law (Advanced)	International Law and Crisis
Economics of Financial Regulation	Legal and Economic Perspectives on EU Financial Law
Private International Law	Litigating in the EU
Accountability for Human Rights Violations	Litigating Human Rights
Judicial Protection in the EU	

APPENDIX IV Retention of Records Regulations, 2012

With regard to the Higher Education and Research Act [Wet op het Hoger Onderwijs en Wetenschappelijk Onderzoek, the Public Records Act [Archiefwet], the rules regarding the protection of personal data, and Article 25a (49a) of the Tuition and Examination Regulation [Onderwijs en Examenregeling: OER], the Faculty Board has adopted the following regulation.

Article I:

Educationally related personal data is not retained longer than necessary for the purposes for which it was collected and processed. Products created by students as part of their education remain available for internal and external quality controls, including evaluations, accreditations, and inspections.

Article II:

The retention period is defined as the period from the moment the document is submitted for assessment to an examiner until the moment the document is destroyed. A document is understood to mean any written or digital medium containing personal data that is part of an assessment provided by an examiner to a student in the context of educational obligations.

Article III:

The retention period for the documents referred to below is established as follows.

For the Bachelor's programmes:

- Written exams have a retention period of two years after the result of the exam has become final.
- Essays, Rota assignments, and other written productions have a retention period of two years after the result of the essay, Rota requirement, or practical exercise has become final.
- The Bachelor's thesis has a retention period of seven years after the Bachelor's degree has been awarded.

For the Master's programmes:

- Written exams have a retention period of two years after the result of the exam has become final.
- Papers, written presentations of seminars, short theses, internship reports, and other written productions have a retention period of two years after the result of the exam associated with the practical exercise has become final.
- The Master's thesis has a retention period of seven years after the Master's degree has been awarded.

Article IV:

The Faculty Board will decide in cases not covered by these regulations.

Article V:

These regulations shall be cited as the Retention of Records Regulations, 2012. The Retention of Records Regulations adopted by the Faculty Board on 11 September 2002 are hereby repealed.

APPENDIX V Radboud University House rules regarding exams

Model Regulation for Exam Room House Rules (established by the Executive Board of the Radboud University, approved by the Dean as of 1 September 2022, endorsed by the Examination Committee as of 5 September 2022), please refer to the rules on the website:

<https://www.ru.nl/currentstudents/during-your-studies/regulations/exam-regulations/>